Royal Army Veterinary Corps

The **Royal Army Veterinary Corps** (**RAVC**), known as the **Army Veterinary Corps** (**AVC**) until it gained the royal prefix on 27 November 1918, is an administrative and operational branch of the <u>British Army</u> responsible for the provision, training and care of animals. It is a small corps, forming part of the Army Medical Services.

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History



A sergeant of the RAVC bandages the wounded ear of a mine-detecting dog at Bayeux in Normandy, 5 July 1944

The original **Army Veterinary** Service (Veterinary Corps) within the Army Medical Department was founded in 1796 public after outrage concerning the death of Army horses. John Shipp was the first veterinary surgeon commissioned into the British Army when he joined the 11th Light Dragoons on 25 June 1796.[1]

The Honorary Colonel-in-Chief is the Princess Royal who has visited RAVC dog-handling units serving in Afghanistan.^[2]



In late March 2016, the Ministry of Defence announced that Fitz Wygram House, one of the Corps' sites, was one of ten that would be sold in order to reduce the size of the Defence estate.^[3]

Function

The RAVC provides, trains and cares for mainly dogs and horses, but also tends to the various <u>regimental mascots</u> in the army, which range from goats to an antelope. Personnel include veterinary surgeons and veterinary technicians providing medical and surgical care to animals, and handlers who train dogs and deploy with them on operational service. Dogs are used extensively in the theatre of war, and are organised within the <u>1st Military Working Dog Regiment</u> (see below). Horses are used primarily for ceremonial purposes, although the Corps continues to rehearse procedures for the operational deployment of horses. This is explained on its website in these terms:

Although there is unlikely ever be a significantly large requirement for equines in future military operations, there are scenarios where ground conditions, (in situations where stealth is required or helicopters are not available for example), could make pack transport a vital solution to the need.^[1]



Officer of the RAVC accompanying the King's Troop, Royal Horse Artillery at a ceremonial event.

Structure

The main location for the RAVC is at <u>Melton Mowbray</u> in Leicestershire, although staff are spread throughout the Army. They are also responsible for explosives and drug search dogs.

The Corps has subsidiary regiments:

- 1st Military Working Dog Regiment^[4]
- Defence Animal Training Regiment

Honours

<u>Sadie</u>, a black <u>labrador retriever</u> belonging to 102 MWDSU and cared for by handler Lance Corporal Karen Yardley, won the PDSA <u>Dickin Medal</u> ("the animal's VC") in 2007.^[5]

On 24 July 2008, Lance Corporal Kenneth Michael Rowe of the RAVC and attached to 2nd Battalion, The Parachute Regiment was killed along with his search dog Sasha, during a contact with the Taliban in Helmand Province, Afghanistan.^[6]



Convalescent horses at the RAVC hospital at Tidworth Camp, Wiltshire, in the Second World War

In February 2010, Treo, a black Labrador-Spaniel crossbreed, was awarded the Dickin Medal for services in Afghanistan.^[7]

In 2011 Lance Corporal Liam Tasker of 104 MWD Squadron was killed in Helmand Province, Afghanistan. He was posthumously mentioned in despatches. His Arms Explosive search dog, Theo, died shortly afterwards. Theo was posthumously awarded the Dickin Medal on 25 October 2012.^[8]

Memorials

A memorial to the RAVC and its predecessors was unveiled at the <u>National Memorial Arboretum</u> on 2 May 2014 by the Princess Royal. Seven memorial stones in remembrance of the five dog handlers who lost their lives while serving in Northern Ireland and the two dog handlers who were killed while on operations in Afghanistan have been placed at their base in North Luffenham.^[9]

Heads of the Corps

Directors-General of the Army Veterinary Department

- 1897–1902: Veterinary-Colonel Francis Duck, CB
- 1902–: Major-General Henry Thomson, CB^[10]
- 1910-1917: Sir Robert Pringle, KCMG, CB, DSO



RAVC Memorial, National Memorial Arboretum

Order of precedence

Preceded by
Adjutant General's Corps

Order of Precedence

Succeeded by

Small Arms School

Corps

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Further reading

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External links

• Official site (https://www.army.mod.uk/who-we-are/corps-regiments-and-units/army-medical-services/royal-army-veterinary-corps/)

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This page was last edited on 24 September 2019, at 21:18 (UTC).

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